

Learn**English** Teens

Read UK: Mobile phones - exercises

Do the preparation task first. Then read the article about British teenagers and their mobile phones and do the exercises to check your understanding.

Preparation

Match the vocabulary with the correct definition and write a-h next to the numbers 1-8.

1...... cruel a. to communicate with somebody

2...... a contract b. unkind, mean

3...... allowed to do something c. the ability to do something special or fun

4...... a privilege to punish somebody by taking away something that

belongs to them

5...... to confiscate something e. able and permitted to do something

6...... to be in contact with somebody f. a short form of a long word or phrase

7...... disrupted g. an agreement between a buyer and a seller

h. interrupted; stopped from going smoothly

1. Check your understanding: true or false

Circle True or False for these sentences.

8...... an abbreviation

1.	British girls send more text messages than boys.	True	False
2.	Some parents think that mobile phones are dangerous.	True	False
3.	Kiera takes away her daughters' phones if they behave badly.	True	False
4.	Mobile phones are not allowed at school in Britain.	True	False
5.	Tam is happy with her mobile phone.	True	False
6.	Some teachers use mobiles phones to help their students learn.	True	False



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2. Check your understanding: gap fill

Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

soc	n you	laugh	shoulder	friends	see	now	much
1.	LOL means '		out loud'.				
2.	POS means 'pare	ent over					
3.	TYVM means 'Th	ank you very					
4.	BCNU means 'be	seeing					
5.	ASAP means 'as		as possil	ble'.			
6.	OIC means 'oh I		<u>, </u>				
7.	TTFN means 'ta t	a for					
8.	BFFL means 'bes	st	for life'.				

3. Check your grammar: multiple choice – prepositions

Circle the best preposition to complete these sentences.

- 1. Many parents want their children to have a phone so that they can be in / on / at contact at any time.
- 2. On / Of / To the other hand, for lots of parents a phone is a source of possible danger.
- 3. Some young people use mobile phones to send offensive messages at / on / to each other.
- 4. Mobile phones are permitted on / to / at school in the UK.
- 5. School students can use their phones of / at / on break time.
- 6. Some teachers complain that lessons are disrupted by people looking in / at / to social networking sites.
- 7. They record the dialogue at / on / in the phone.
- 8. Then they listen to / of / at the recording.

Discussion

Some parents confiscate their teenager's phone as a punishment for poor behaviour. Is that a good idea? What's your opinion? Should mobile phones be allowed in schools?

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